Audit plan Lincolnshire County Pension Fund

Lincolnshire County Pension Fund Audit 2010/11



The Audit Commission is an independent watchdog, driving economy, efficiency and effectiveness in local public services to deliver better outcomes for everyone.

Our work across local government, health, housing, community safety and fire and rescue services means that we have a unique perspective. We promote value for money for taxpayers, auditing the £200 billion spent by 11,000 local public bodies.

As a force for improvement, we work in partnership to assess local public services and make practical recommendations for promoting a better quality of life for local people.

Contents

Introduction	2
Responsibilities	3
Fee for the audit	4
Specific actions the pension fund could take to reduce its audit fees	4
Auditors report on the financial statements	5
Materiality	5
Identifying opinion audit risks	5
Identification of specific risks	6
Opinion testing strategy	7
Key milestones and deadlines	8
The audit team	9
Independence and objectivity	9
Meetings	9
Quality of service	9
Planned outputs	10
Appendix 1 Basis for fee	11
Assumptions	11
Appendix 2 Independence and objectivity	12
Appendix 3 Working together	14
Meetings	14
Sustainability	14
Appendix 4 Glossary	15

Introduction

This plan sets out the audit work that I propose to undertake for the audit of financial statements 2010/11.

- 1 The plan is based on the Audit Commission's risk-based approach to audit planning. It reflects:
- audit work specified by the Audit Commission for 2010/11;
- current national risks relevant to your local circumstances; and
- your local risks.

Responsibilities

The Audit Commission's Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies sets out the respective responsibilities of the auditor and the audited body. The Audit Commission has issued a copy of the Statement to every audited body.

- 2 The Statement summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and of the audited body begin and end and I undertake my audit work to meet these responsibilities.
- 3 I comply with the statutory requirements governing our audit work, in particular:
- the Audit Commission Act 1998; and
- the Code of Audit Practice.

Fee for the audit

The fee for the audit is £39,000 as indicated in my letter of 27 April 2010.

4 My proposed audit fee for the Lincolnshire County Council Pension Fund in 2010/11 is £39,000. The Audit Commission scale fee for the Lincolnshire County Pension Fund is £38,305. The fee is well within the normal level of variation specified by the Commission (+25/-20 per cent).

In setting the fee, I have assumed that:

- the level of risk in relation to the audit of accounts is consistent with that for 2009/10; and
- good quality, accurate working papers are available at the start of the financial statements audit.
- 5 Where these assumptions are not met, I will be required to undertake additional work which is likely to result in an increased audit fee. Where this is the case, I will discuss this first with the Director of Resources and I will issue supplements to the plan to record any revisions to the risk and the impact on the fee.
- 6 Further information on the basis for the fee is set out in Appendix 1.

Specific actions the pension fund could take to reduce its audit fees

7 The Audit Commission requires its auditors to inform audited bodies of specific actions it could take to reduce its audit fees. As the proposed fee is close to the scale fee the opportunities for any reduction may be limited however, I will continue to work with staff to identify any specific actions that could be taken and to provide ongoing audit support.

Auditors report on the financial statements

I will carry out the audit of the financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board (APB).

8 I am required to issue an audit report giving my opinion on whether the accounts give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Pension Fund as at 31 March 2011.

Materiality

9 I will apply the concept of materiality in both planning and performing the audit, in evaluating the effect of any identified misstatements, and in forming my opinion.

Identifying opinion audit risks

- **10** I need to understand fully the audited body to identify any risk of material misstatement (whether due to fraud or error) in the financial statements. I do this by:
- identifying the business risks facing the Pension Fund, including assessing your own risk management arrangements;
- considering the financial performance of the Fund;
- assessing internal control including reviewing the control environment, the IT control environment and Internal Audit; and
- assessing the risk of material misstatement arising from the activities and controls within the supporting information systems.

Identification of specific risks

I have considered the additional risks that are appropriate to the current opinion audit and have set these out below.

Table 1: Specific risks

Specific opinion risks identified

Risk area

Stock market volatility and potential

fall in asset values leading to a non adjusting post balance sheet event

The results of the triennial actuarial valuation are expected in 2010/11 (as at 31 March 2010). The funding level is expected to have fallen significantly.

The Council's service provider (Mouchel) is switching to the Middlesbrough office systems for aspects of pension fund administration. The work will all be done in Lincoln and any changes in people and systems will be gradual.

Audit response

The audit processes address the stock market risks through our tests of detail on the verification and valuation of assets.

We will check the latest actuarial position is disclosed adequately in the financial statements. We will review the work of the actuary and plan to rely on this work. The impact on contributions could be significant but may be deferred given the current economic climate and ongoing national review of public sector pension schemes.

We will need to identify what changes (if any) impact on the key systems controls. The date of any changes could also be significant if controls change during the financial year. Changes could also impact on our testing strategy and cyclical plan and potentially increase audit costs. Our walkthrough tests will cover this risk initially.

Opinion testing strategy

On the basis of risks identified above I will produce a testing strategy which will consist of testing key controls and substantive tests of transaction streams and material account balances at year-end.

- 11 I can carry out the testing both before and after the draft financial statements have been produced (pre- and post-statement testing).
- 12 Wherever possible, I will complete some substantive testing earlier in the year before the financial statements are available for audit.
- 13 As in the prior year we plan to start our audit of the Fund's investments in mid May 2011, with the aim of completing that part of the audit before the end of June. This is to enable us to give the required IAS19 (formerly FRS17) assurance to auditors of admitted bodies, some of whom have early deadlines for the opinion on their accounts.
- 14 I have identified the following areas where substantive testing could be carried out early.
- Review of accounting policies.
- Bank reconciliation.
- Contributions.
- Year-end feeder system reconciliations.

Where I identify other possible early testing, I will discuss it with officers.

- 15 Wherever possible, I will seek to rely on the work of Internal Audit to help meet my responsibilities.
- 16 I will also seek to rely on the work of other auditors and experts, as appropriate, to meet my responsibilities. Based on previous years and current knowledge there are no material areas of the financial statements which require us to place reliance on the work of another auditor but I do plan to rely on the work of experts in the following areas.
- The actuary (Hymans Robertson LLP) for our work on pension fund liabilities.
- The Audit Commission also employs its own expert (PWC) to produce a report on the trends and findings that the actuary is reporting, which I shall also take account of.

Key milestones and deadlines

The Pension Fund is required to prepare the financial statements by 30 June 2011. I am required to complete the audit and issue the opinion by 30 September 2011.

- 17 The key stages in producing and auditing the financial statements are in Table 2.
- 18 I will provide officers with a schedule of working papers required to support the entries in the financial statements. The agreed fee is dependent on the timely receipt of accurate working papers.
- **19** The audit manager and team leader will liaise with relevant officers about the timetable and availability of information for the early investments testing.
- **20** Periodically and as needed during the main post statement audit visit, the audit team leader will meet with the key contacts and review the status of all queries.

Table 2: **Proposed timetable**

Activity	Date
Control and early substantive testing	April – May 2011
Substantive testing of investments	May – June 2011
Receipt of accounts	By 30 June 2011
Sending audit working papers to the auditor	By 30 June 2011
Start of detailed testing	July 2011
Progress meetings	As needed
Present report to those charged with governance at the audit committee	Mid September 2011
Issue opinion	By 30 September 2011

The audit team

Table 3 shows the key members of the audit team for the 2010/11 audit.

Table 3: Audit team

Name	Contact details	Responsibilities
Tony Crawley District Auditor	t-crawley@audit- commission.gov.uk 0844 798 4098	Responsible for the overall delivery of the audit including the quality of outputs and signing the opinion.
Mike Wood Audit Manager	m-wood@audit- commission.gov.uk 0844 798 4056	Manages and coordinates the different elements of the audit work. Key point of contact for the client team.

Independence and objectivity

- 21 I am not aware of any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the District Auditor and the audit staff, which I am required by auditing and ethical standards to communicate to you.
- 22 I comply with the ethical standards issued by the APB and with the Commission's requirements in respect of independence and objectivity as summarised in Appendix 2.

Meetings

23 The audit team will ensure we have knowledge of your issues to inform our risk-based audit through regular liaison with key officers. Our proposals are set out in Appendix 3.

Quality of service

24 I aim to provide you with a fully satisfactory audit service. If, however, you are unable to deal with any difficulty through me and my team please contact Chris Westwood, Director of Professional Practice, Audit Practice, Audit Commission, 1st Floor, Millbank Tower, Millbank, London SW1P 4HQ (c-westwood@audit-commission.gov.uk) who will look into any complaint promptly and to do what he can to resolve the position.

25 If you are still not satisfied you may of course take up the matter with the Audit Commission's Complaints Investigation Officer (The Audit Commission, Westward House, Lime Kiln Close, Stoke Gifford, Bristol BS34 8SR).

Planned outputs

26 My team will discuss and agree reports with the right officers before issuing them to the Audit Committee.

Table 4: Planned outputs

Indicative date
September 2011
September 2011
October 2011
December 2011

Appendix 1 Basis for fee

The Audit Commission is committed to targeting its work where it will have the greatest effect, based upon assessments of risk and performance. This means planning work to address areas of risk relevant to our audit responsibilities and reflecting this in the audit fees.

The risk assessment process starts with the identification of the significant financial and operational risks applying to the Pension Fund with reference to:

- my cumulative knowledge of the Pension Fund;
 - planning guidance issued by the Audit Commission;
 - the specific results of previous and ongoing audit work;
- interviews with officers: and
- liaison with Internal Audit.

Assumptions

In setting the fee, I have assumed that:

- the level of risk in relation to the audit of the financial statements is not significantly different from that identified for 2009/10;
- you will inform me of significant developments impacting on the audit;
- Internal Audit meets the appropriate professional standards;
- you provide:
 - good quality working papers and records to support the financial statements by 30 June 2011;
 - information asked for within agreed timescales;
 - prompt responses to draft reports; and
- there is no allowance for extra work needed to address questions or objections raised by local government electors.

Where these assumptions are not met, I will be required to undertake additional work which is likely to result in an increased audit fee.

In its latest audit fees consultation document dated December 2010, the Audit Commission noted that it is analysing the costs of the 2009/10 pension fund audits to determine whether any further changes are required to the pension fund audit fee scales.

Appendix 2 Independence and objectivity

Auditors appointed by the Audit Commission are required to comply with the Commission's Code of Audit Practice and Standing Guidance for Auditors, which defines the terms of the appointment. When auditing the financial statements, auditors are also required to comply with auditing standards and ethical standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board (APB).

The main requirements of the Code of Audit Practice, Standing Guidance for Auditors and the standards are summarised below.

International Standard on Auditing (UK and Ireland) 260 (Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance) require that the appointed auditor:

- discloses in writing all relationships that may bear on the auditor's objectivity and independence, the related safeguards put in place to protect against these threats and the total amount of fee that the auditor has charged the client; and
- confirms in writing that the APB's ethical standards are complied with and that, in the auditor's professional judgement, they are independent and their objectivity is not compromised.

The standard defines 'those charged with governance' as 'those persons entrusted with the supervision, control and direction of an entity'. In your case, the appropriate addressee of communications from the auditor to those charged with governance is the Audit Committee. The auditor reserves the right, however, to communicate directly with the Council or Pensions Committee on matters which are considered to be of sufficient importance.

The Commission's Code of Audit Practice has an overriding general requirement that appointed auditors carry out their work independently and objectively, and ensure that they do not act in any way that might give rise to, or could reasonably be perceived to give rise to, a conflict of interest. In particular, appointed auditors and their staff should avoid entering into any official, professional or personal relationships which may, or could reasonably be perceived to, cause them inappropriately or unjustifiably to limit the scope, extent or rigour of their work or impair the objectivity of their judgement.

The Standing Guidance for Auditors includes a number of specific rules. The key rules relevant to this audit appointment are as follows.

- Appointed auditors should not perform additional work for an audited body (ie work over and above the minimum required to meet their statutory responsibilities) if it would compromise their independence or might give rise to a reasonable perception that their independence could be compromised. Where the audited body invites the auditor to carry out risk-based work in a particular area that cannot otherwise be justified as necessary to support the auditor's opinion and conclusions, it should be clearly differentiated within the Audit Plan as being 'additional work' and charged for separately from the normal audit fee.
- Auditors should not accept engagements that involve commenting on the performance of other auditors appointed by the Commission on Commission work without first consulting the Commission.
- The District Auditor responsible for the audit should, in all but the most exceptional circumstances, be changed at least once every seven years, with additional safeguards in the last two years.
- The District Auditor and senior members of the audit team are prevented from taking part in political activity on behalf of a political party, or special interest group, whose activities relate directly to the functions of local government bodies in general, or to a particular local government body.

The District Auditor and members of the audit team must abide by the Commission's policy on gifts, hospitality and entertainment.

Appendix 3 Working together

Meetings

The audit team will ensure we have knowledge of your issues to inform our risk-based audit through regular liaison with key officers.

My proposal for the meetings is as follows.

Table 5: **Proposed meetings with officers**

Council / Pension Fund officers	Audit Commission staff	Timing	Purpose
Director of Resources and management team members	DA and AM	November, March, May, September	General update and matters arising plus: March – audit plan; May – audit progress; and September – annual governance report.
Financial Advisor – Pensions and Investments	AM and Team Leader (Peter Wass)	Periodically as needed but more frequently during post statements audit	Update on audit issues and matters arising from the audit work
Audit Committee	DA and AM, with TL as appropriate	As determined by the Committee	Formal reporting of: Audit Plan; Annual governance report; and Other issues as appropriate.

Sustainability

The Audit Commission is committed to promoting sustainability in our working practices and I will actively consider opportunities to reduce our impact on the environment. This will include:

- reducing paper flow by encouraging you to submit documentation and working papers electronically;
- use of video and telephone conferencing for meetings as appropriate;
 and
- reducing travel.

Appendix 4 Glossary

Audit of the accounts

The audit of the accounts of an audited body comprises all work carried out by auditors in accordance with the Code to meet their statutory responsibilities under the Audit Commission Act 1998.

Audited body

A body to which the Audit Commission is responsible for appointing the external auditor, comprising both the members of the body and its management (the senior officers of the body). Those charged with governance are the members of the audited body. (See also 'Members' and 'Those charged with governance'.)

Auditing Practices Board (APB)

The body responsible in the UK for issuing auditing standards, ethical standards and other guidance to auditors. Its objectives are to establish high standards of auditing that meet the developing needs of users of financial information and to ensure public confidence in the auditing process.

Auditing standards

Pronouncements of the APB, which contain basic principles and essential procedures with which auditors are required to comply, except where otherwise stated in the auditing standard concerned.

Auditor(s)

Auditors appointed by the Audit Commission.

Code (the)

The Code of Audit Practice.

Commission (the)

The Audit Commission for Local Authorities and the National Health Service in England.

Ethical Standards

Pronouncements of the APB that contain basic principles that apply to the conduct of audits and with which auditors are required to comply, except where otherwise stated in the standard concerned.

Financial statements

The annual statement of accounts or accounting statements that audited bodies are required to prepare, which summarise the accounts of the audited body, in accordance with regulations and proper practices in relation to accounts.

Internal control

The whole system of controls, financial and otherwise, that is established in order to provide reasonable assurance of effective and efficient operations, internal financial control and compliance with laws and regulations.

Materiality (and significance)

The APB defines this concept as 'an expression of the relative significance or importance of a particular matter in the context of the financial statements as a whole. A matter is material if its omission would reasonably influence the decisions of an addressee of the auditor's report; likewise a misstatement is material if it would have a similar influence. Materiality may also be considered in the context of any individual primary statement within the financial statements or of individual items included in them. Materiality is not capable of general mathematical definition, as it has both qualitative and quantitative aspects'.

The term 'materiality' applies only in relation to the financial statements. Auditors appointed by the Commission have responsibilities and duties under statute, in addition to their responsibility to give an opinion on the financial statements, which do not necessarily affect their opinion on the financial statements.

The concept of 'significance' applies to these wider responsibilities and auditors adopt a level of significance that may differ from the materiality level applied to their audit in relation to the financial statements. Significance has both qualitative and quantitative aspects.

Members

The elected, or appointed, members of local government bodies who are responsible for the overall direction and control of the audited body. (See also 'Those charged with governance' and 'Audited body'.)

Those charged with governance

Those charged with governance are defined in auditing standards as 'those persons entrusted with the supervision, control and direction of an entity'. In local government, those charged with governance, for the purpose of complying with auditing standards, are the full council, audit committee (where established) or any other committee with delegated responsibility for approval of the financial statements.

If you require a copy of this document in an alternative format or in a language other than English, please call: **0844 798 7070**

© Audit Commission 2011.

Design and production by the Audit Commission Publishing Team. Image copyright © Audit Commission.

The Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies issued by the Audit Commission explains the respective responsibilities of auditors and of the audited body. Reports prepared by appointed auditors are addressed to non-executive directors, members or officers. They are prepared for the sole use of the audited body. Auditors accept no responsibility to:

- any director/member or officer in their individual capacity; or
- any third party.



Audit Commission

1st Floor Millbank Tower Millbank London SW1P 4HQ

Telephone: 0844 798 3131

Fax: 0844 798 2945

Textphone (minicom): 0844 798 2946